

# VO auger experience with large scale simulations on the grid

*Friday, 12 April 2013 12:00 (20 minutes)*

## Impact

We show how even a very small team can use a lot of EGI resources. Also we list problems resulting from missing high level tools for bulk data processing together with examples of our approach how to solve them. We hope to unify efforts with other VOs with limited manpower to have a common solutions for different issues.

## Summary

VO auger is one of the main users of the EGI grid resources. Computing jobs are managed by the central production team from Granada University, common users use mostly results of official productions. We describe our strategy for job submission and data distribution. Our experience with reliability and usability of various resources and biggest hurdles in every day usage of grid resources. Results of small scale tests of using DIRAC catalogue instead of LFC are reported.

## Description

Production for the members of Pierre Auger collaboration is controlled by the team of 3 people. In principle one could use just one robot certificate to submit production jobs, but we found from our experience that we can run more jobs if several different certificates are used. All production jobs store their status to one common MySQL database. They are automatically resubmitted in case of a failure. This approach maximises the usage of shared computing resources on several sites. The efficiency of resource usage is difficult to evaluate because aborted jobs do not report consumption of a walltime. Output data files are stored on available Storage Elements randomly chosen from a list of reliable SEs if the close SE is not available. This brings difficulties during data consolidation in case of temporary unavailability of SE. We faced several cases when data were lost. In such case we can either create a new library or users may confirm that they can use a reduced dataset. Scripts were created to do bulk transfers either with or without FTS. These transfers were mostly needed when an SE is declared to be decommissioned. Such cases create great problems in case of SEs with significant amount of data, because it is difficult to find new resources where to move affected data files.

**Primary author:** CHUDoba, Jiri (CESNET)

**Presenter:** CHUDoba, Jiri (CESNET)

**Session Classification:** VREs

**Track Classification:** Virtual Research Environments (Track Lead: G Sipos and N Ferreira)