

# Cross-Grids Simulation Scenarios with the GridSFEA Framework



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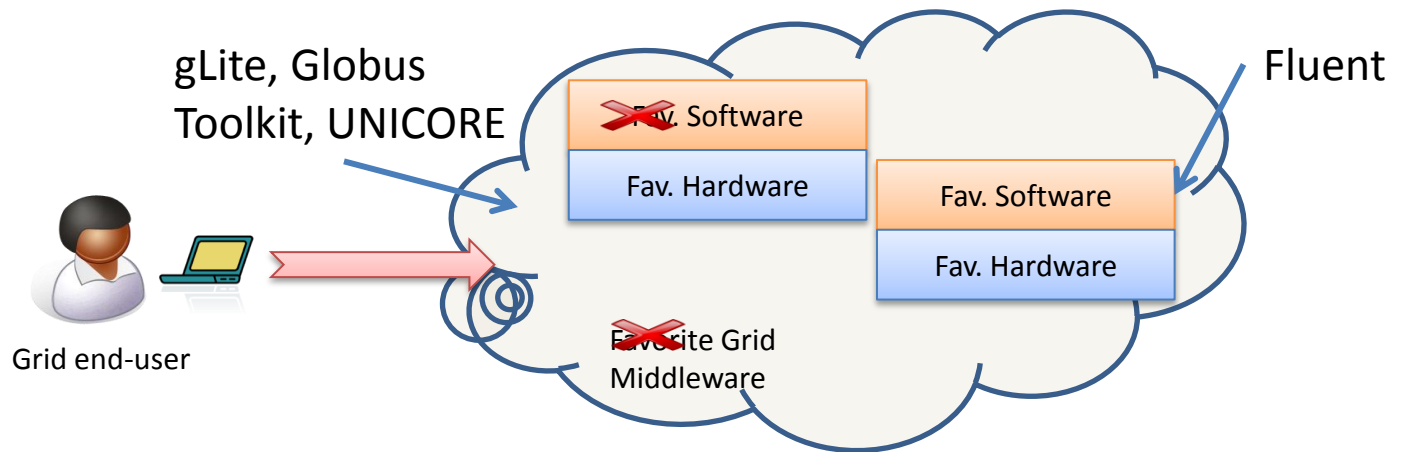
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# Outline

- Motivation and Challenges
- GridSFEA
  - Overview
  - Technical insights
  - Job submission, migration of scenarios
- Simulation Scenarios
- Conclusions

# Motivation

How to work with more grids?



- Potential approaches
  - Unify the grid middleware stacks – UMD of EGI (large European efforts!)
  - Develop client tools capable of working with multiple middleware
- An end-user oriented tool for working with different compute grids (not only with your favorite one!)
  - Increase the user's flexibility of working with grids
  - Globus Toolkit, gLite, Unicore etc
- Immediate benefits for the end user communities
  - Start right away with the using the needed middleware
  - On the long run – capable of operating with the upcoming UMD

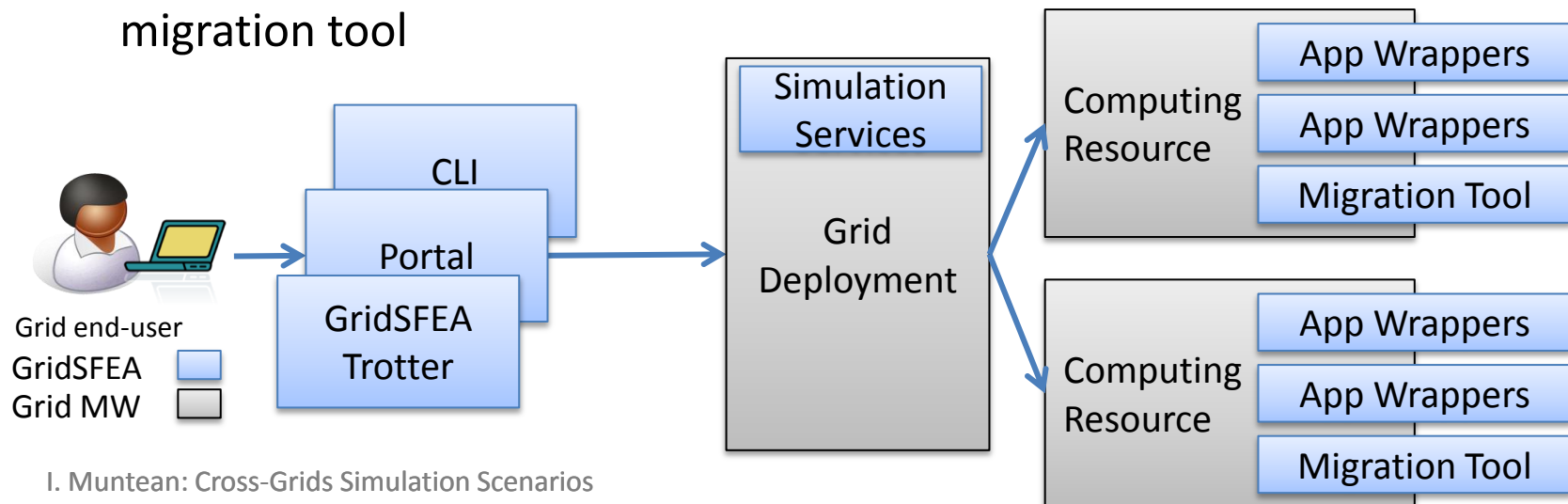
# Challenges

- ...of supporting Application Level Interoperability
- Although public open standards are available ...
  - Different job submission languages (RSL, RSL (XML), JDL etc)
  - Different protocols for file transfer and access
  - Differences in authentication/authorization mechanisms (e.g. no VOMS support in GT so far)
- Integrate client libraries/tools from different middleware
- Provide an additional layer to the middleware specifics



# GridSFEA

- Grid Simulation Framework for Engineering Applications → *a tool for grid end-users*
- Simulation of large systems, Slow physical processes, Optimization tasks
- Developed initially at TUM, now mainly at UTC-N
- Bring together: simulation and application specialists, grid administrators, grid developers (TUM, UTC-N, Univ. of Stuttgart, LRZ, HLRS)
- Main components: user tools, simulation services, application wrappers, migration tool



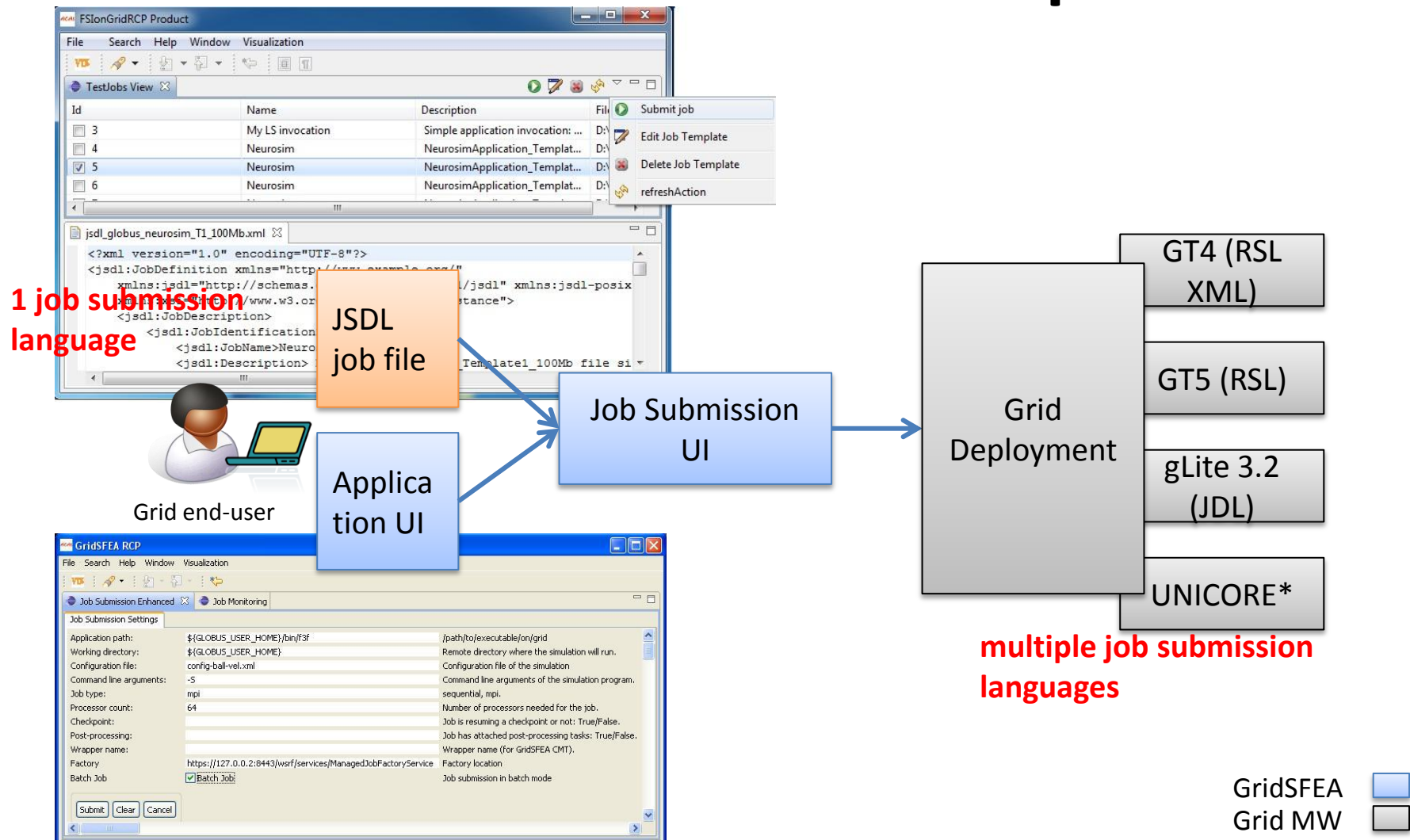
# GridSFEA Plugins

- Goals:
  - Foster export of functionalities to other Grid community tools (e.g. g-Eclipse, WS-VLAM)
  - Provide a frame for proper integration of further features in GridSFEA tools
  - Straight forward creation of customized grid applications with GridSFEA features
- User-side application: based on Eclipse
- GridSFEA user tools → Eclipse plugins
- Features available as plugins
  - Job submission, job monitoring, scenario/file transfer
  - Simulation explorer, parameter study

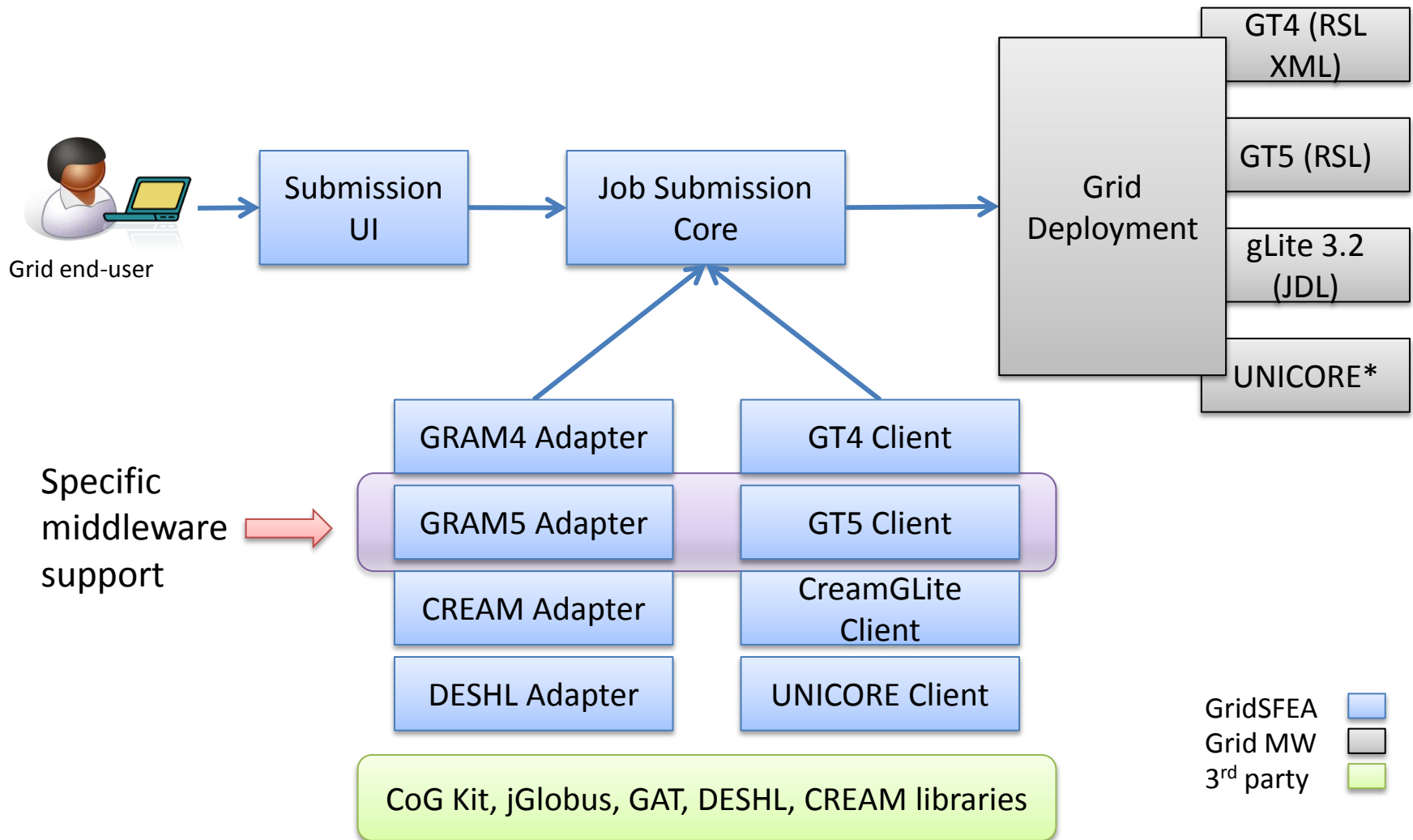
## GridSFEA features

- Migration of scenarios
- Simulation preview
- Post processing
- High-level operations on simulation data
- Parameter studies
- Long simulation runs
- Deployment on systems from D-Grid, DEISA Grid, RO-NGI
- Lightweight realization
- Wrapper-based gridification

# Submission of Jobs – User’s Perspective



# Submission of Jobs – Dev's Perspective





# Job Submission

- Based on the JSDL standard and its extensions JSDL-POSIX, JSDL-SPMD Application
  - Partial mappings to RSL, RSL-XML, CREAM JDL
  - UNICORE submission handled with DESHL directly (only in DEISA grid)
- Advantages of our approach
  - Use only one specification language for jobs (though also the other are supported)
  - Exploit features available in each client of grid middleware (e.g. delegation, file staging)
  - Proper encapsulation of bunches of third-party libraries (limit propagation of incompatibilities and code conflicts)
  - Easy integration of further middleware adaption as plugins
- Limitations
  - Initial development effort quite high
  - Still have to cope with some middleware specifics (e.g. VOs)
  - Selection of middleware type based on external properties file

# File Transfers

- Use supported transfers provided by community libraries
  - GAT, DESHL, ...
  - Based on GridFTP
- Advantages
  - Wide deployment of GridFTP in production grids
  - Present in both GT- and gLite-based environments
  - Support of X.509 certificates
  - Rather stable API

# Migration of Simulation Scenarios with GridSFEA

- Handle the execution of long simulation scenarios on heterogeneous Grids
  - Application-generated checkpoints
  - Use of meta data
  - Application wrappers → minimal invasion of user program/simulation software
  - Submission of *continuation jobs* in behalf of the user (delegation)
- Application-oriented approach to migration
  - Nearly compliant with OGF recommendation for system-oriented GridCPR
- Enable migration on *production* Grids

## Annotation of simulation scenarios

- Bunch of input files
- Configuration files
- Simulation output (results)
- Simulation software
- Checkpoints

# Migration of Simulation Scenarios (2)

- Automated (autonomous) migration
  - The framework submits redundant jobs to the sites specified by the user
  - Jobs join a competition at startup. Only the winner may compute. The others terminate.
  - May lead to high resource consumption (cpuh!)
- Basic (assisted) migration
  - The user submits manually continuation jobs, without updating anything in the job files
  - More suitable when accounting systems are in place 😊
- Continuation jobs can resume from any checkpoint (by default from the last one registered with the framework)

## Migration with GridSFEA

- 1 x simple configuration file
  - APP\_PATH = "simProgram"
  - CHECKPOINT = True**
  - POSTPROCESS = True
  - JOB\_TYPE = "mpi"
  - WRAPPER\_NAME = "appwrapper"
  - APP\_ARGLIST = ["-arg"]
- 1 x job script
- job submission

# Migration of Simulation Scenarios (3)

## GridSFEA

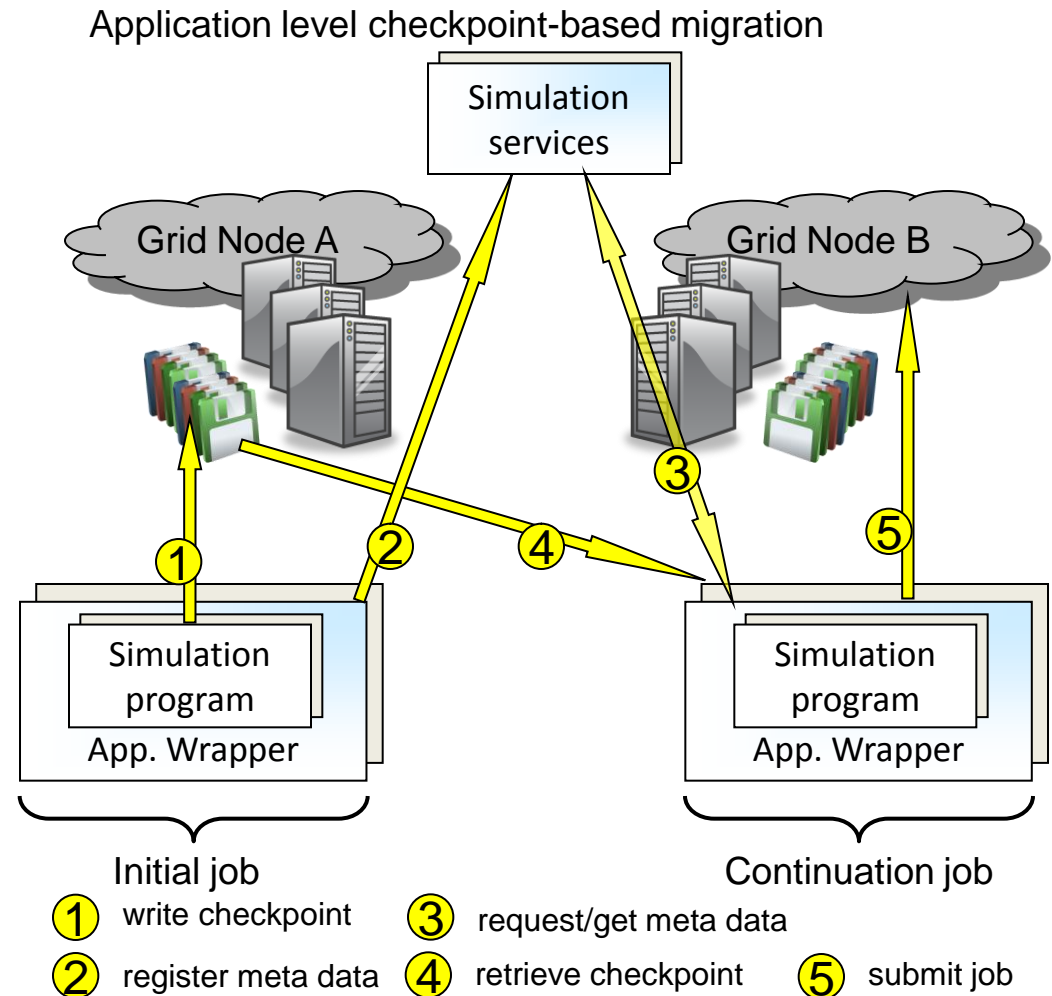
- services, application wrapper, migration tool

## Technologies

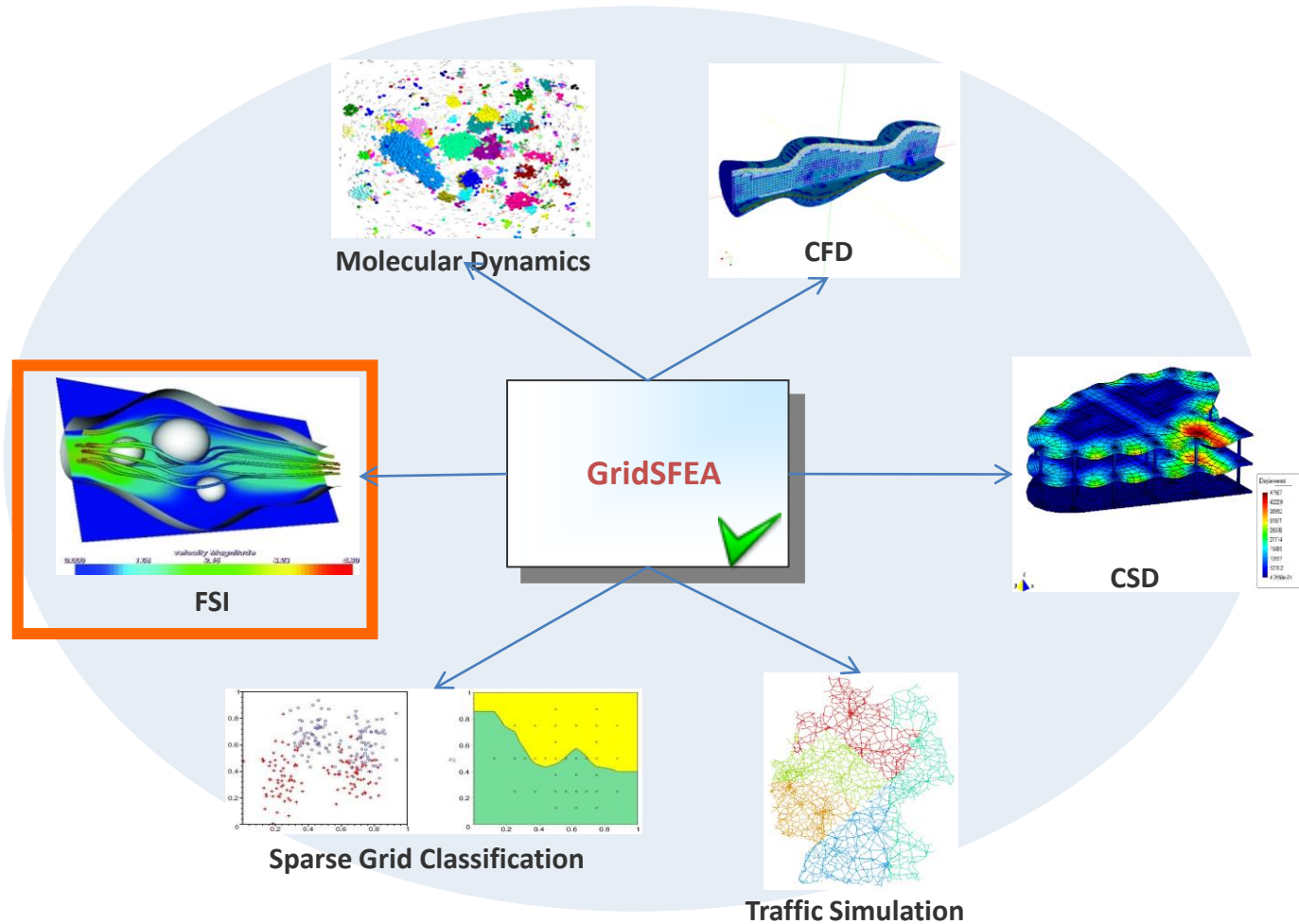
- Web Service, WSDL, GSI

## Prerequisites for the CSE program

- non-interactive use
- checkpointing
- simple application wrapper (configure handling of in/out/checkpoint data)
- pre-installation on Grid

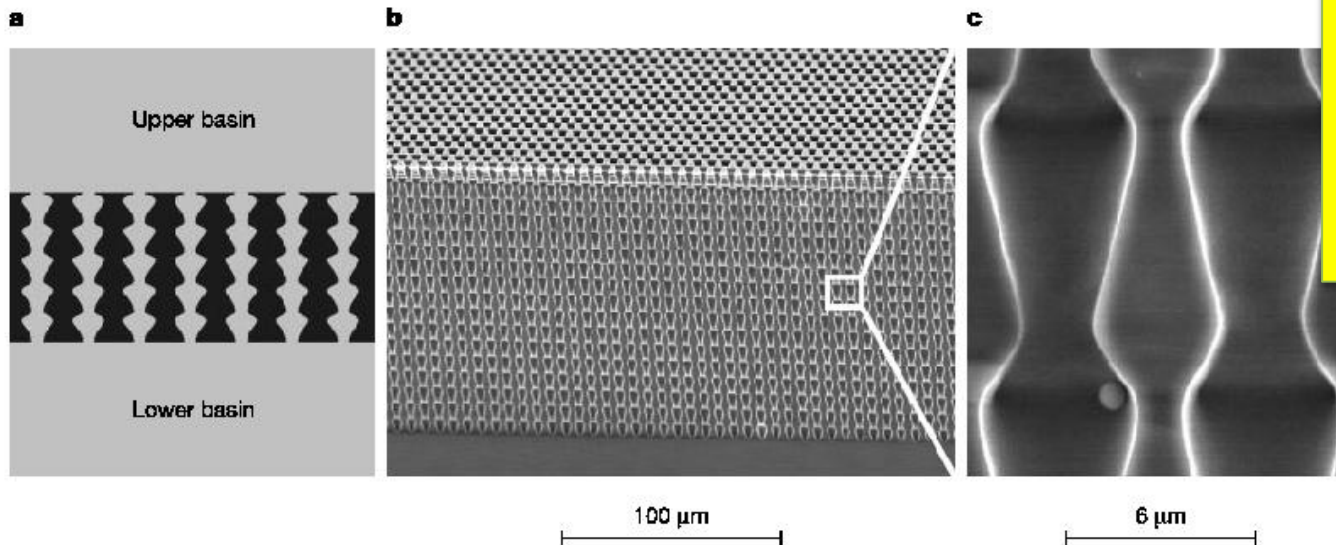


# Selected Application Scenarios



# Drift Ratchet Simulations

- Suite of distributed particle simulation scenarios – *The Drift Ratchet Problem*
  - Silicon wafers filled with water, pressure pumps with oscillating direction → particle sorting devices
  - Goal of the research: understand the physics behind, development of simplified yet sufficiently relevant models



## Potential application

- Medicine and drug industry: sorting particles such as proteins and DNA fragments

# Challenges of the Drift Ratchet

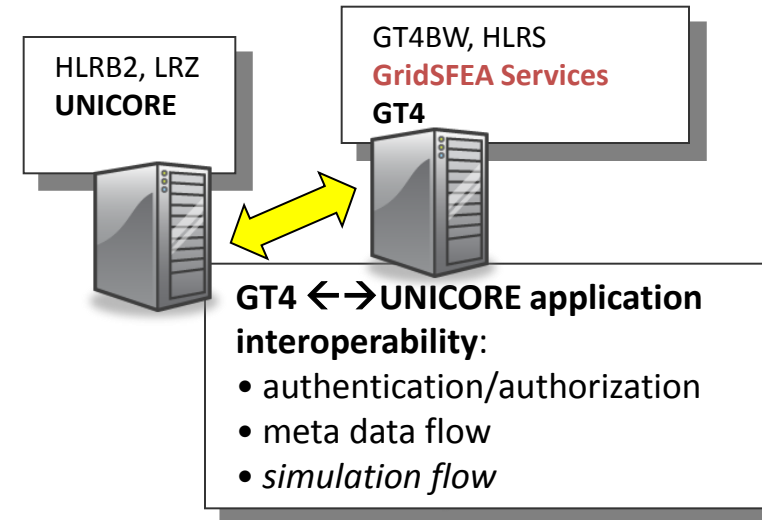
- Model challenges
  - Phenomena in different domains (fluid flow – particle movement)
  - Type of models (deterministic fluid flow – stochastic Brownian motion)
  - Time scales (fast oscillations of pressure in the pressure pumps and of the particles – long-term averaged direction of particle movements)
  - Particle movements over the entire computational domain
- Computational challenges
  - 3D flows, regular meshes, rather high resolution, low Reynolds number ( $Re < 0,1$ ), tiny time-steps

**Very long simulation times!!!**



# Migration and Preview on D-Grid and DEISA

- Basic (assisted) migration!
- Job submission, checkpoint registration and transfer, computing job submission



Migration times (D-Grid)

	Setup	File Transfer	Computation
initial phase	43 s	1.5 s	12 h
cont. phases	47 s	2.5 s	12h,72 h

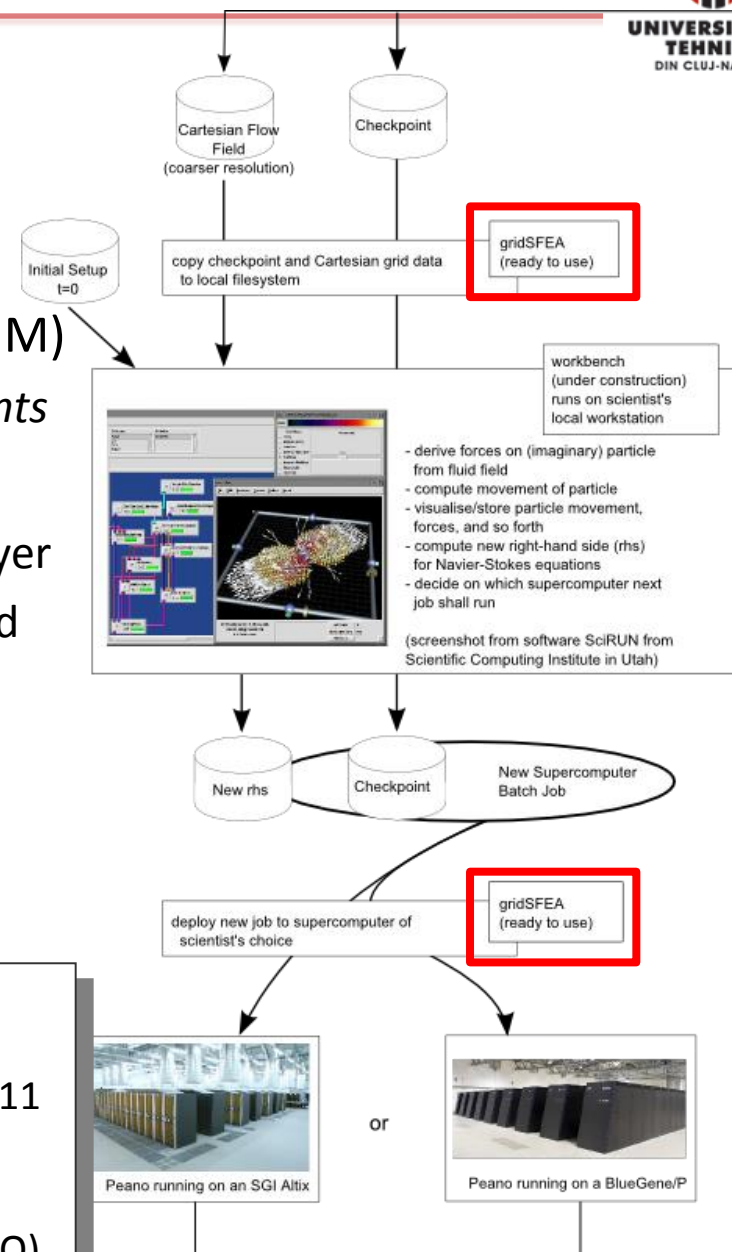
GridSFEA overhead < 40 time steps/migration!  
one simulation ~ 1mio time steps

# GridSFEA & Other Tools

- Workbench for numerical simulation (@TUM)
  - *Computational Steering* based on *checkpoints*
- GridSFEA framework
  - Acts as application-oriented middleware layer
  - Packs simulation tasks/scenarios as jobs and computes them on grid (in DEISA)
  - Handle grid-related interactions (job submission & monitoring, checkpoint registration and transfer etc)
  - Plugin-based integration of the two frameworks

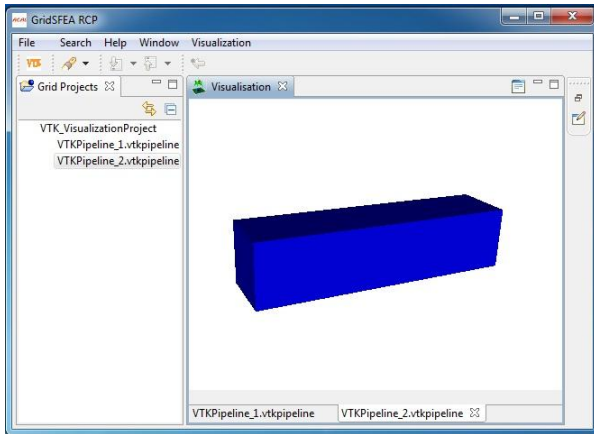
## The DiParTs Project

- DEISA – DECI project
  - October 2010 – April 2011
  - About 500k cpuh x 3 (DEISA+LRZ+KAUST)
- Partners: TUM (DE), UTC-N (RO), KAUST (SA)

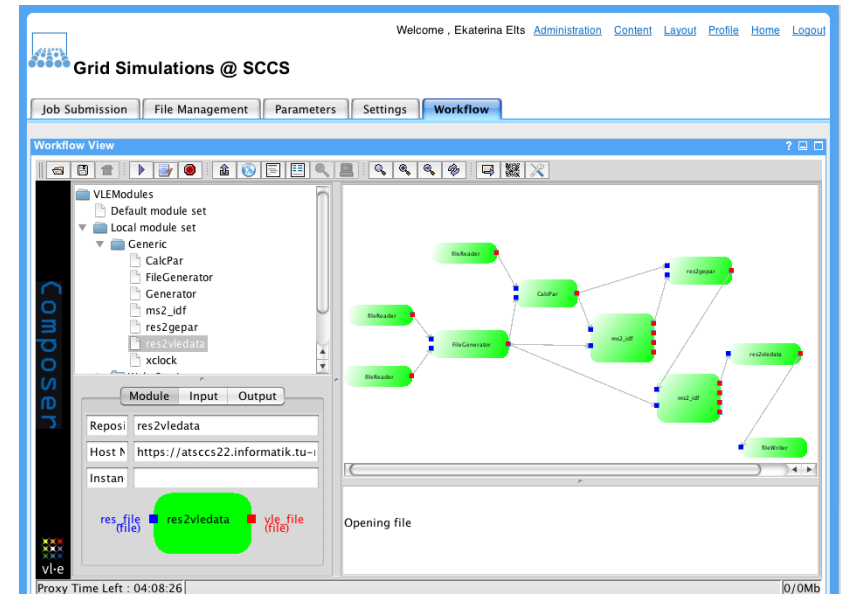


Joint work with T. Weinzierl, TUM

# GridSFEA & Other Tools



Import of the VTK  
Visualization plugin from  
gEclipse

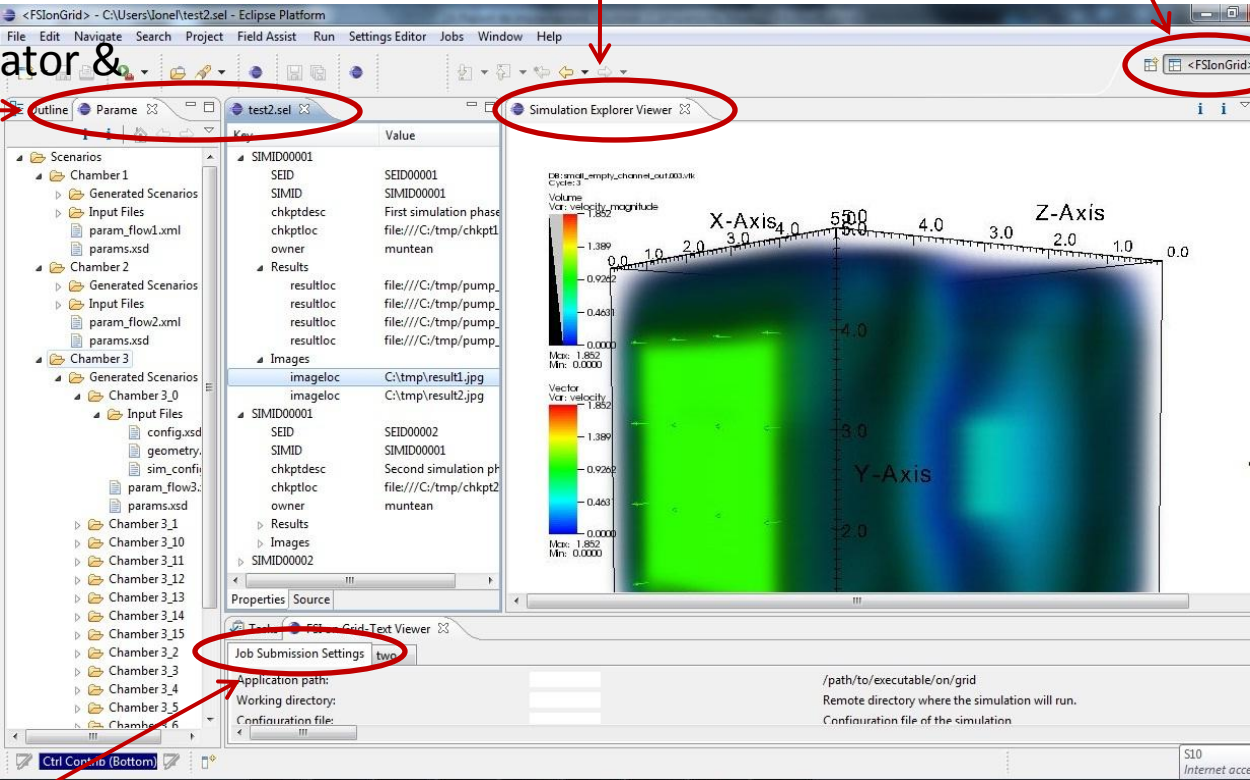


Export of the GridSFEA's parameter  
generator module to WS-VLAM  
workflows – work of Dr. E. Elts, TUM

# A Customized Application: FSI on Grid

Simulation Explorer View      FSI on Grid perspective

Parameter generator & explorer



Job submission settings

Job Submission Settings

Application path: /path/to/executable/on/grid  
 Working directory:  
 Configuration file:

DB:smat\_empty\_chamber\_out.0003.rle  
 Cycle: 3  
 Volume  
 Var: velocity\_magnitude  
 Min: 1.852  
 Max: 0.0000  
 Min: 0.0000  
 Vector  
 Var: velocity  
 Min: 1.852  
 Max: 0.0000  
 Min: 0.0000

X-Axis 5.00 4.0 3.0 2.0 1.0 0.0  
 Z-Axis 5.00 4.0 3.0 2.0 1.0 0.0  
 Y-Axis 5.00 4.0 3.0 2.0 1.0 0.0

Job submission settings

Joint work with L. Munteanu, R. Cuc, A. Badiu (UTC-N)  
 Partly supported by the CGUTCN project

# Conclusions & Outlook

- Development of user-oriented grid tools is important in order to make users benefit from the grid (esp. new communities)
- Differences between grids can be smoothed from user's perspective by placing an intermediate layer of applications
  - Increase user's independence of the grid MW
  - Comfortable interactions with the grid
- High development effort and a lot of grid know-how is demanded for application developers
- GridSFEA encapsulates/isolates MW specifics and offers a set of high-level operations for the end-user
- Short term – have GridSFEA user tools publicly released
- On the mid term – have client applications capable of operating with UMD services/products from different MWs

# THANK YOU!

# QUESTIONS?

# How to Get GridSFEA

- Only the plugin-based stuff!
- Application plugins (for Eclipse IDE)
  - Public release (1.0) scheduled for May 31<sup>st</sup>, 2011
  - Check <http://acal.utcluj.ro> → *Research* → *Software* for updates OR [http://acal.utcluj.ro/index.php?option=com\\_content&view=article&id=19&Itemid=19](http://acal.utcluj.ro/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=19&Itemid=19)
- FSI on Grid
  - Release 1.0 pending (scheduled for May 31<sup>st</sup> 2011)
  - Licensing model – under discussion
- Upcoming features
  - GridWay client support
  - Handling of proxies (VOMS)