

EGI-CSIRT Critical Vulnerability Handling Procedure

Mingchao Ma, EGI CSIRT

STFC – UK

15th March 2011

- To handle time-critical security issue
- CSIRT decides which issue is **CRITICAL** based on risk assessment
- Ad-hoc procedure exist
- Based on the existing procedure and lessons learned from the day to day operation

- The goal is to improve overall EGI security instead of suspending a site!
- Who
 - Sites and NGI security officers
 - EGI CSIRT
 - EGI management - OMB
- Two scenarios
 - New identified vulnerability
 - Re-introduction of old problem

- A critical security issue identified
 - A head-up message from EGI CSIRT
 - to find a solution
- No solution is found in a reasonable timescale
- Solution available, send advisory with 7 calendar days deadline
 - to sites and NGI security officers
 - to EGI management: noc-managers mailing list
 - **7 days countdown starts**

- 3 days before the deadline
 - Ticketing outstanding sites as shown in our monitoring for actions
- 24 hours before deadline – final warning
 - To outstanding sites
 - To NOC managers for following up
- Throughout the process
 - CSIRT will help sites as much as possible
- At least 3 notification before suspension

- Re-introduction of old problem
 - Detect by EGI CSIRT monitoring tool
- 48 hours for site to solve the problem
 - Ticketing site when problem appears – 48 hours warning given
 - Contact sites again 24 hours before the deadline
 - NOC manager will also be informed

- Site is warned
 - Final warning 24 hours before the suspension
 - OMB is informed as well
- Site suspension
 - Carry out by EGI CSIRT
- Senior management has the right to say NO
 - OMB and COO



Questions?