



ORPHEUS

Comparing differences in OIDC Providers

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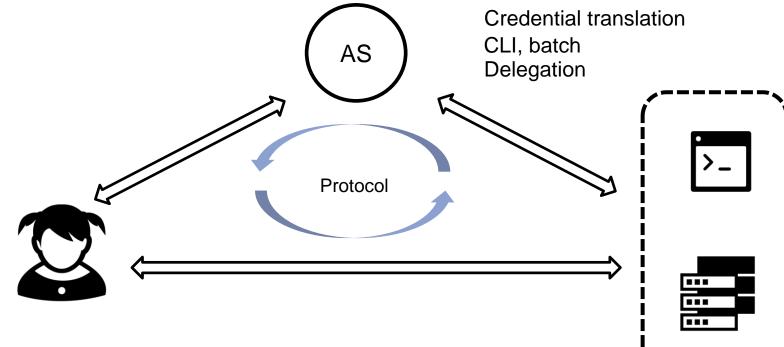
D3A, SCC, KIT



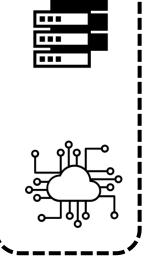




Developing new services



- Protocol == OIDC
- All services (OPs, RPs, clients, proxies...) must follow protocol
- Evaluation of OIDC features is a regular activity



Motivation



- OpenID Connect (OIDC) is an authentication layer on top of OAuth2
 - RESTful+JSON (simpler+lightweight flow comparing to SAML)
 - Strives to provide simple API
 - "makes simple things simple and complicated things possible"
 - Many features (native and mobile apps, delegation,
- Many new IdPs/Proxies are OIDC capable
 - Google, Microsoft, PayPal, but also EGI, eduTEAMS, B2ACCESS, IAM (among others)
 - Most new OPs are OIDC capable (or OIDC only)
 - Most new services are OIDC only
 - OIDC Federations



However...

- OIDC is complex
 - Variety of flows (authorization, device..)
 - Variety of capabilities (token exchange, ID token vs User Info...)
- OIDC standard leaves many things open
 - Providers do differ among themselves (flows, capabilities)
 - Sometimes not even following standards
 - New feature implemented, typically not advertised
- Developers point of view \rightarrow what now?
- (Some) Questions to consider:
 - For SPs: Which OP to select? For OPs: How to debug?
 - Capabilities, flows?
- (Some) Capabilities to consider:
 - JWT vs opaque
 - Features (openid-configuration, user interaction)

→ Orpheus



Orpheus

- Oidc ProvidEr featUre Support
- OIDC Client
- Written in Go
 - Cross-platform
 - Local or deployed on a server
- Comparison of different OPs
- Check which features are supported
- OIDC flows (authorization, implicit, device)
- Debug OIDC flows, capabilities

Use Cases – for Developers



- Tool to support development, e.g.
 - Feature analysis for providers
 - Token inspection
 - Debug support
- Analysis of OIDC flows:
 - Where to get which information
 - Principal concept of an OIDC flow
 - Exchanged information

Use Cases – for Developers / Users



- Support debugging OIDC related problems
- Authorization decision is (partially) based on attributes released by the user's home IdP
- Problems related to the released attributes can be hard to debug
 - Error might not occur for the developer's accounts
 - Developer might have different home IdP
 - Accounts linked to real identities
 - · ...
- Different problems possible:
 - Misconfigured client, home IdP, user account, …
- Solution:
 - User can perform OIDC flow on Orpheus
 - User shares the results in a privacy compliant (GDPR conforming) way
 - Developer can check the released attributes

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On Features

Automatic

- Can be checked automatically by Orpheus
- Does not require any user interaction
- Orpheus periodically checks these (e.g. every 5min)
- Based on the information available from /.well-known/openidconfiguration
- Examples:
 - Introspection Endpoint Advertised
 - Supported Scopes Advertised
- Community
- Manual

On Features



- Automatic
- Community
 - Cannot be checked fully automatically by Orpheus
 - Does require some sort of user interaction, i.e. performing an OIDC flow
 - When user performs a flow, Orpheus checks all linked features
 - Based on the flow or information available from it
 - Examples:
 - Device Flow Supported (it does work)
 - Access Token is JWT
 - Token Revocation
- Manual



On Features

- Automatic
- Community
- Manual
 - Cannot be checked by Orpheus
 - Have to be manually provided
 - Usually these do not change
 - Examples:
 - Web interface for client registration
 - Used underlying OIDC implementation
 - Client Registration requires manual approval



DEMO time https://orpheus.data.kit.edu

Summary



- Extensible and extendable functionalities
- Highly configurable
- Public instance running at: <u>https://orpheus.data.kit.edu</u>
- Run your own instance (MIT License): <u>https://git.scc.kit.edu/oidc/orpheus</u>



Thank you for your time!!

https://orpheus.data.kit.edu